Reply to Office Action of October 29, 2010

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the

application:

Listing of Claims:

1. (Currently amended) A trans-luminal, guidewire-advanced, rapid-exchange

surgical delivery device having a proximal end, a primary shaft and a distal zone to be advanced

over the guidewire along a bodily lumen to a site of surgery, the device comprising:

i. guidewire tubular means defining a guidewire lumen, said guidewire tubular

means lying within the distal zone with the guidewire lumen to one side of the

primary shaft, the guidewire lumen having a length that longitudinally overlaps a

length of the primary shaft and having a proximal end opening which lies to one

side of the primary shaft; and

ii. a sleeve defining a lumen to receive a surgical element distal of the guidewire

tubular means, a proximal end of the sleeve form-fitted over the primary shaft

including a radially inwardly tapering portion proximal of the proximal end

opening of the guidewire tubular means, said inwardly tapering portion defining

a proximal guidewire lumen exit port.

2. (Previously presented) The delivery device according to claim 1, wherein

said primary shaft is a tube.

3. (Previously presented) The delivery device according to claim 2, wherein

said tube contains an inner shaft which, in use, may slide relative to the tube, whereby the

imposition of endwise compression on the inner shaft and endwise tension on the tube may

withdraw the sleeve proximally relative to the distal end of the inner shaft.

4. (Previously presented) The delivery device according to claim 3, wherein the

distal end of the inner shaft is configured as a pusher, to maintain the position of said surgical

element at said site of surgery during proximal withdrawal of the sleeve to expose the surgical

element to the bodily lumen.

5. (Previously presented) The delivery device according to claim 4, including

the surgical element.

6. (Previously presented) The delivery device according to claim 5, wherein the

surgical element is a self-expanding stent.

7. (Previously presented) The delivery device according to claim 1, wherein the

sleeve is reinforced by filamentary material within its wall thickness.

8. (Previously presented) The delivery device according to claim 7, wherein the

filamentary material is braided material.

9. (Previously presented) The delivery device according to claim 7, wherein the

filamentary material stops distally short of the distal end of the sleeve.

10. (Previously presented) The delivery device according to claim 1, wherein the

distal end of the sleeve is tapered inwardly to provide the device, at least prior to its arrival at the

site of surgery, with a more or less atraumatic tip.

11. (Previously presented) The delivery device according to claim 1, wherein the

proximal end of the sleeve is form-fitted by the application of heat and radially inward pressure.

12. (Previously presented) The delivery device according to claim 1, wherein the

sleeve includes a push zone through which an endwise compression force imposed on the proximal

end of the primary shaft can be transferred to the sleeve for advancing the sleeve along the bodily

lumen to the site of surgery.

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13. (Previously presented) The delivery device according to claim 12, wherein

the push zone corresponds to an annulus in which the sleeve has a reduced outside diameter relative

to its diameter immediately proximal of said push zone.

14. (Previously presented) The delivery device according to claim 12, wherein

the push zone corresponds to an annulus in which the sleeve has a reduced inside diameter relative

to its inside diameter immediately proximal of said push zone.

15. (Previously presented) The delivery device according to claim 12, wherein

the push zone is found immediately distal of the distal end of the primary shaft.

16. (Currently amended) The delivery device according to claim 1, wherein the

guidewire tubular means includes a guider tube and wherein the guider tube extends distally beyond

the distal end of the primary shaft.

17. (Previously presented) The delivery device according to claim 16, and

including a guidewire guider hose having a proximal end and a distal end, said proximal end being

contiguous with the distal end of the guider tube.

18. (Previously presented) The delivery device according to claim 17, wherein

the distal end of the guider hose is flared radially outwardly, towards the luminal wall of the sleeve.

19. (Previously presented) The delivery device according to claim 18, wherein

the inner shaft extends distally beyond the distal end of the guider hose, along a path between the

abluminal wall of the guider hose and the luminal wall of the sleeve.

20. (Previously presented) The delivery device according to claim 19, wherein

the distal end of the inner shaft carries an annular surgical element pusher which defines a portion of

the length of the guidewire lumen which is aligned with the lumen for the guidewire beyond the

distal end of the guider hose.

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21. (Previously presented) The delivery device according to claim 20, wherein

the annular pusher carries a carrier tube which extends distally from the annular pusher and itself

defines a portion of the length of the guidewire lumen.

22. (Previously presented) The delivery device according to claim 21, wherein

the carrier tube carries a radiopaque marker band at or near its distal end.

23. (Previously presented) The delivery device according to claim 21, wherein

the carrier tube extends proximally from the annular pusher sufficiently far to define a portion

which tapers outwardly towards the luminal wall of the sleeve, for guiding into the carrier tube the

distal end of a guidewire advanced through the guidewire lumen distally, from the proximal

guidewire lumen exit port.

24. (Previously presented) The delivery device according to 19, wherein the

inner shaft includes a connector, located axially between the distal end of the primary shaft and the

annular pusher, said connector permitting adjustment of the axial position of the annular pusher

relative to the distal end of the sleeve, during assembly of the device, to cater for different lengths of

the surgical element.

25. (Currently amended) The delivery device according to claim 24, wherein the

inner shaft comprises a distal portion of solid cross-section and a proximal tube portion, the

proximal tube tubular portion extending within the primary tube shaft and distally therefrom, to said

connector, or to a point proximal of said connector.

26. (Previously presented) The delivery device according to claim 25, wherein

the inner shaft exhibits an unbroken metal strand as far as the annular pusher.

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27. (Withdrawn) The delivery device according to claim 1, in which the sleeve

can be withdrawn proximally to release a self-expanding implant and which includes a stopper to

prevent proximal movement of the implant when the sleeve moves proximally, and wherein the

primary shaft exhibits a pull wire for pulling back the sleeve and a shaft tube with a lumen

containing the pull wire and with a distal end operatively connected to the stopper.

28. (Withdrawn) The delivery device according to claim 27, wherein the shaft

tube is a stainless steel or cobalt alloy hypo tube.

29. (Withdrawn) The delivery device according to claim 27, wherein the pull

wire is of metal.

30. (Withdrawn) The delivery device according to claim 27, wherein the sleeve

is of polymer with fiber reinforcement within the polymer wall thickness.

31. (Withdrawn) The delivery device according to claim 30, wherein said

reinforcement fibers are braided metal strands.

32. (Withdrawn) The delivery device according to claim 27, wherein the pull

wire is connected to the sleeve by first and second coaxial metal rings, one radially inside the sleeve

and the other radially outside the sleeve.

33. (Withdrawn) The delivery device according to claim 32, wherein the metal

ring outside the sleeve is swaged down onto the sleeve.

34. (Withdrawn) The delivery device according to claim 27, wherein the sleeve

has an inwardly tapered distal tip.

35. (Withdrawn) The delivery device according to claim 27, and including a

collar having a peripheral surface and first and second lumen, wherein i) the shaft tube is slidably

received in the first lumen; ii) the second lumen is said guidewire lumen; and iii) the peripheral

surface carries the proximal end of the sheath with the collar sliding proximally along the shaft tube

during proximal withdrawal of the sleeve.

36. (Withdrawn) The delivery device according to claim 27, and including a

pusher tube which defines a lumen through which a guidewire may be advanced, which carries said

stopper, and which is bonded at its proximal end to one side of the distal end of the shaft tube.

37. (Withdrawn) The delivery device according to claim 36, further including a

pusher tube extension which continues the lumen of the pusher tube, distal of the stopper, distally to

the region of the distal tip of the sleeve.

38. (Withdrawn) The delivery device according to claim 37, wherein the pusher

tube extension carries a distal radiopaque marker band.

39. (Withdrawn) The delivery device according to claim 16, wherein the guider

tube is a shaped element of polymer.

40. (Withdrawn) The delivery device according to claim 16, wherein the guider

tube is a shaped element that includes a lumen to receive the distal end of the primary shaft.

41. (Withdrawn) The delivery device according to claim 40, wherein the primary

shaft is fixed in the receiving lumen of the guider tube against relative axial movement.

42. (Withdrawn) The delivery device according to claim 41, wherein the guider

tube is of metal and has a protuberance over which the sleeve is form-fitted.

43. (Withdrawn) The delivery device according to claim 41, in which the guider

tube is of polymer, and the sleeve is fused to the guider tube.

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44. (Previously presented) The delivery device according to claim 1, wherein a proximal portion of the guidewire tubular means is welded to a distal portion of the primary shaft.